



Labor Market & Salary Report 2020/2021

Shenzhen, 25 September 2020

Partner For Employers





Contributions

Profile of contributors to the 2020 Edition

Wage Developments Amid COVID-19

Effective and expected wage increases. Measures taken due to COVID-19

Other Wage **Developments**

By industry, company size, level of seniority, production roles

HR Challenges

Impact on Business; Why positions cannot be filled; Strategic changes; Local staff skills

Conclusions

Key takeaways

Start

6

Questions

Definitions

Gross base salary, total cost per employee, actual and expected wage increases

Regional Wage Developments

Shanghai, Taicang, Suzhou, Beijing, Tianjin, Shenyang,...

Productivity

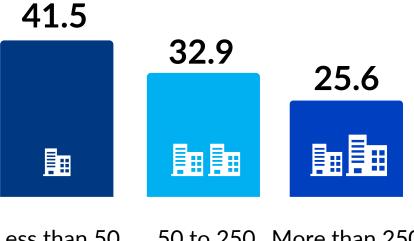
Evaluation of wage levels considering productivity

Wage Negotiations

Importance of factors for wage negotiations



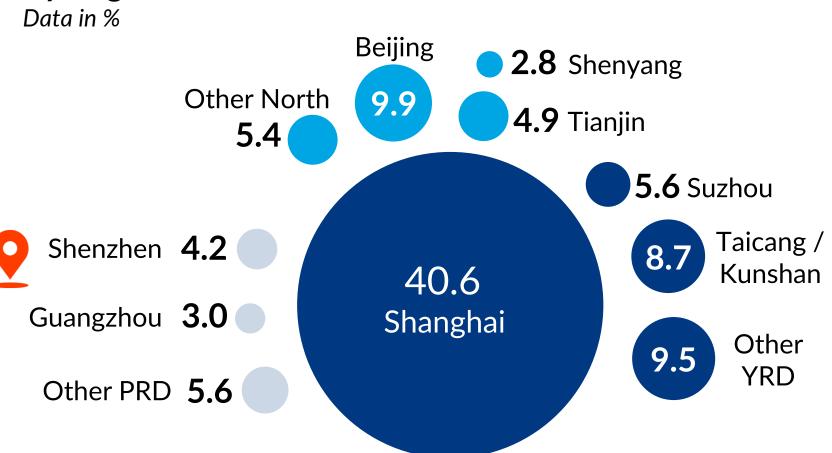




Less than 50 **Employees**

50 to 250 More than 250 **Employees Employees**

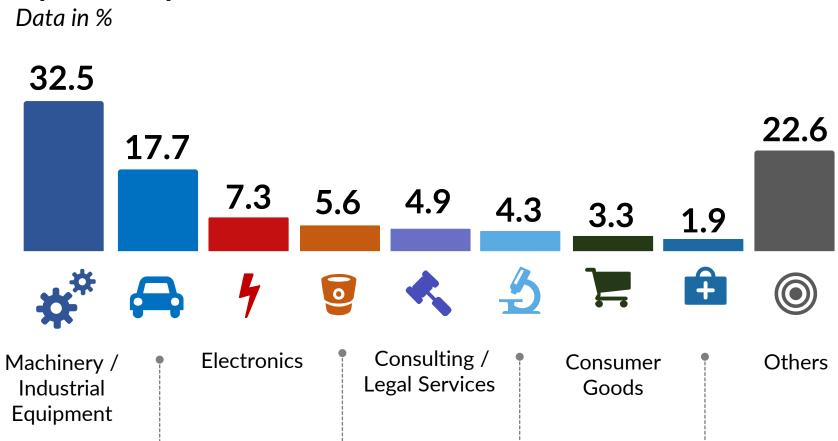
By Region



Note: Other YRD: Other Yangtze River Delta areas, Other PRD: Other Pearl River Delta areas

By Industry

Automotive



Chemicals

Plastic /

Metal Products



Medical

Supplies





Total Cost per Employee

Adding to the gross base salary, the total cost per employee includes on top of it both the mandatory social security and housing fund contributions by the employer plus any other extra benefits the employer is providing: supplementary health insurance, life insurance, variable bonuses, sales incentives, overtime, children allowances, meal and transportation allowances, supplementary housing funds, skill allowances, retention bonuses, etc.

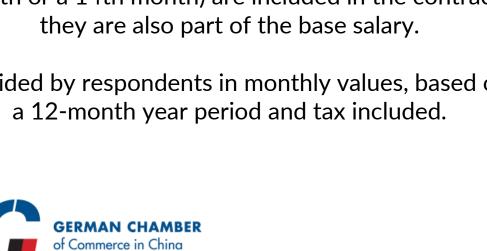
Provided by respondents in monthly values, based on a 12-month year period and tax included.



Gross Base Salary

The gross base salary is the base for the calculations of the individual income tax. It is clearly stated in the labor contract. If yearly one-off payments (i.e. a 13th month or a 14th month) are included in the contract, they are also part of the base salary.

Provided by respondents in monthly values, based on





Actual Change from 2019 to 2020

Total cost per employee increase (merit increase, and market adjustments) provided in percentage by respondents.



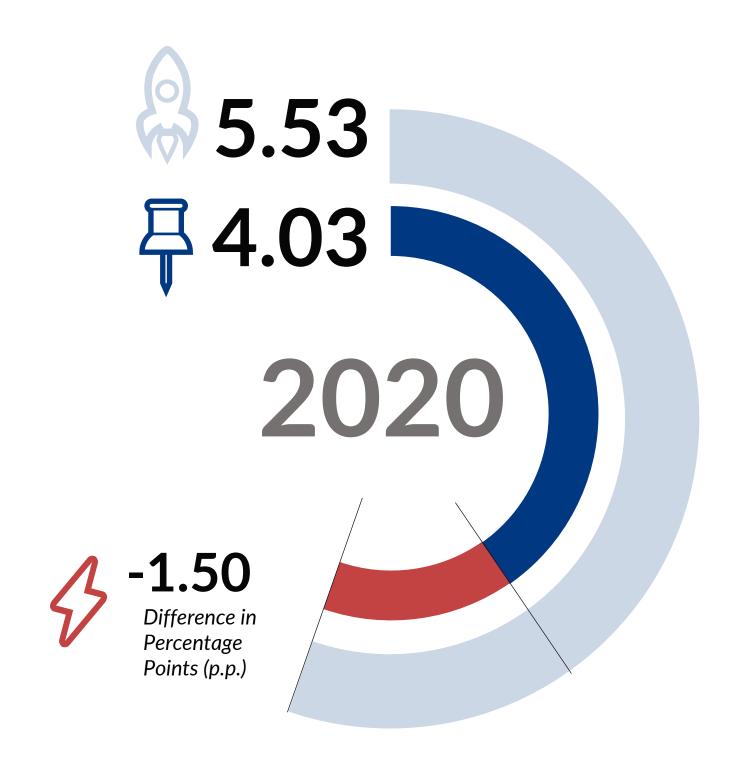
Expected Change from 2020 to 2021

Total cost per employee increase (merit increase, and market adjustments) provided in percentage by respondents.



Wage Developments Amid COVID-19

At German Companies in China, in %





Expected Wage Increase 2020

In July 2019, German companies in China projected a wage increase of **5.53%** for 2020



Effective Wage Increase 2020

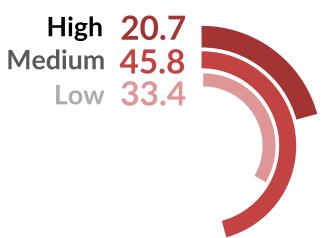
In July 2020, German companies in China reported a wage increase of **4.03%** in 2020



Gap Between Expected and Effective Increases 2020

In addition to the traditional downward trend, companies this year are facing the impact of COVID-19

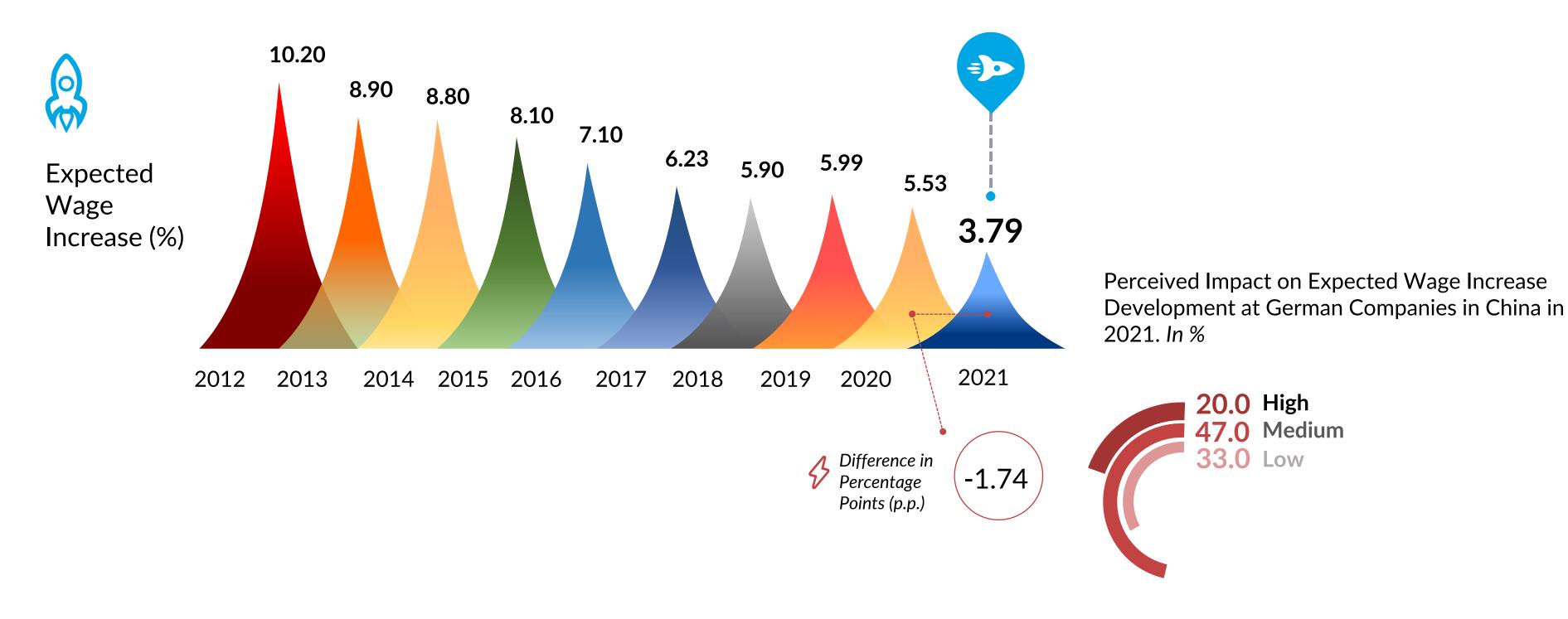
Perceived Impact on Effective Wage Increase Development at German Companies in China in 2020. In %





Wage Developments Amid COVID-19

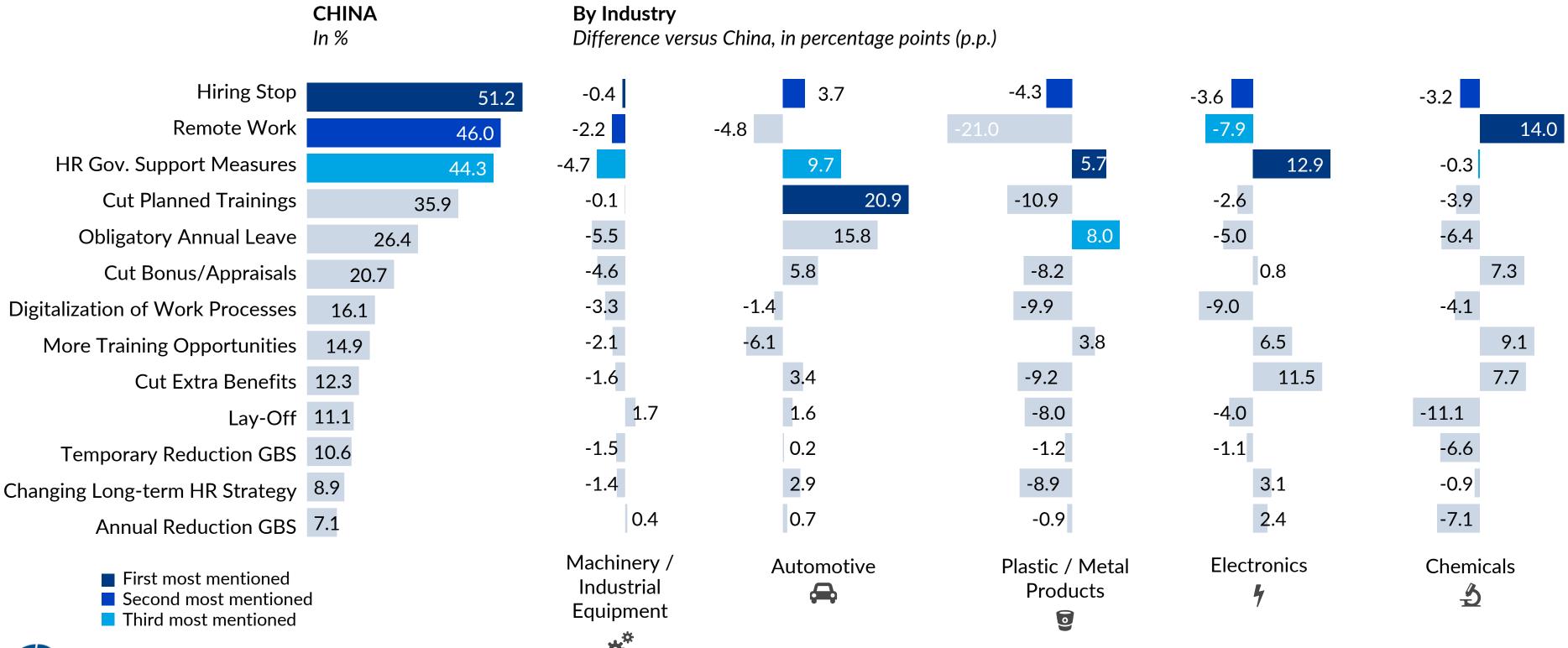
At German Companies in China, in %





Measures Taken Due to COVID-19

Measures Taken by German Companies

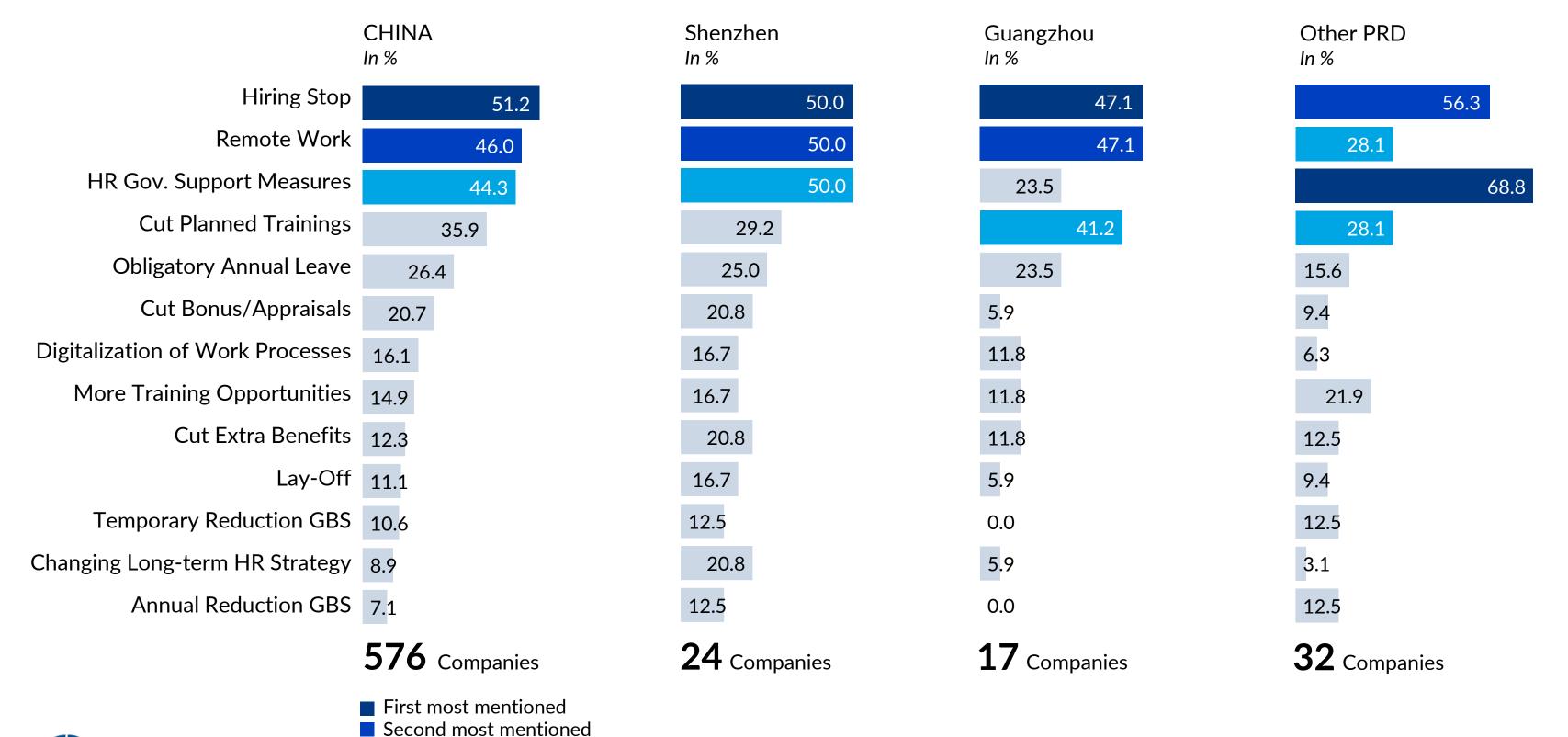




Measures Taken Due to COVID-19

Third most mentioned

Measures Taken by German Companies



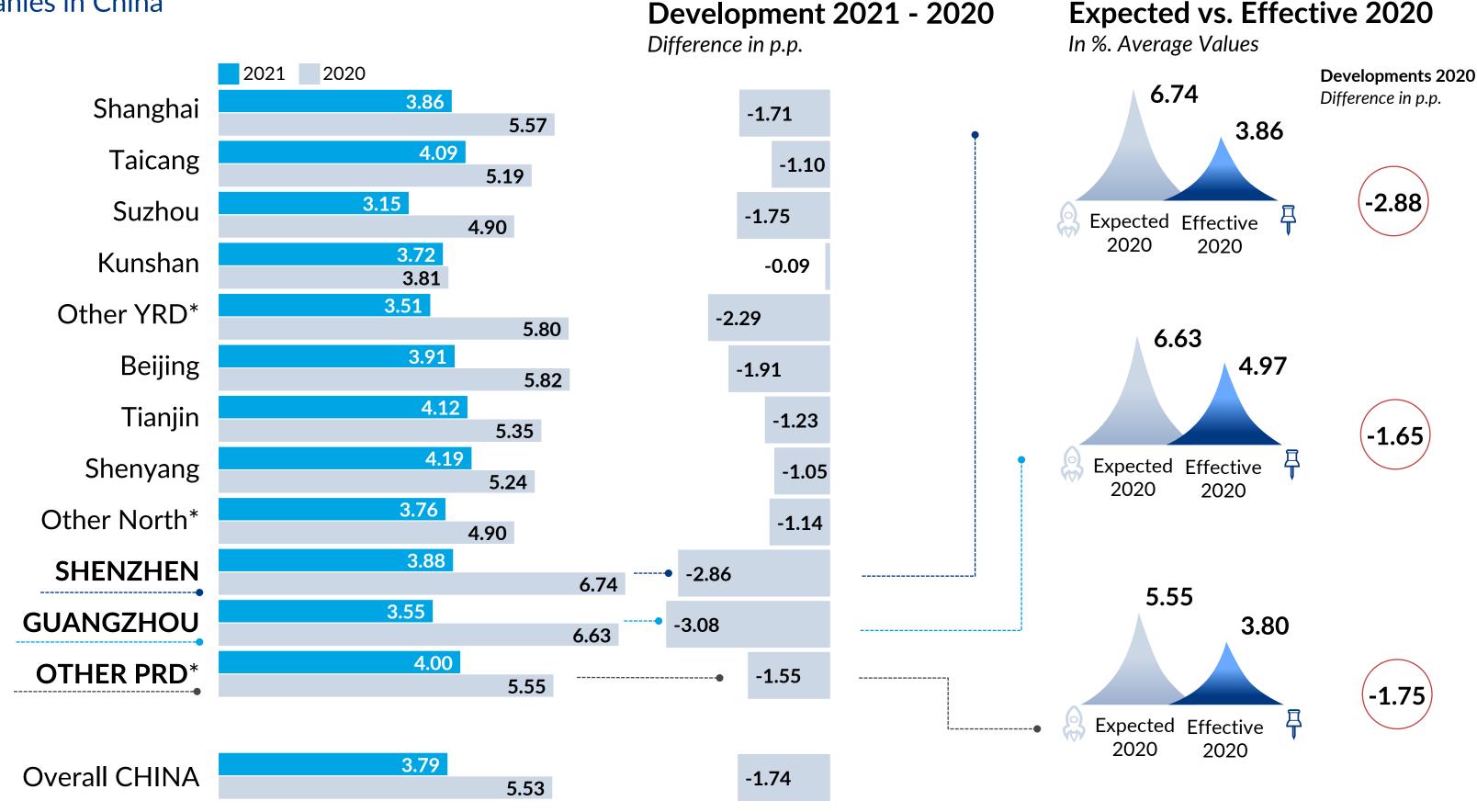


Regional Wage Developments

At German Companies in China

Expected Wage Increases 2020 and 2021

In %. Average Values





* Other YRD: Other Yangtze River Delta Area; Other North, excluding Shenyang; Other PRD: Other Pearl River Delta Area.

Regional Wage Developments

At German Companies in China

2020 Total Cost per Employee (TCE) Monthly in RMB. Median Values / Factor of China's Median TCE



BEIJING RMB 20,000 / 1.31



SHANGHAI RMB 20,000 / 1.31



SHENZHEN **RMB 16,000** / 1.04



TIANJIN RMB 15,558 / 1.02

CHINA RMB 15,317



TAICANG RMB 13,000 / 0.85



OTHER YRD*

RMB 12,725 / 0.83





KUNSHAN RMB 12,000 / 0.78

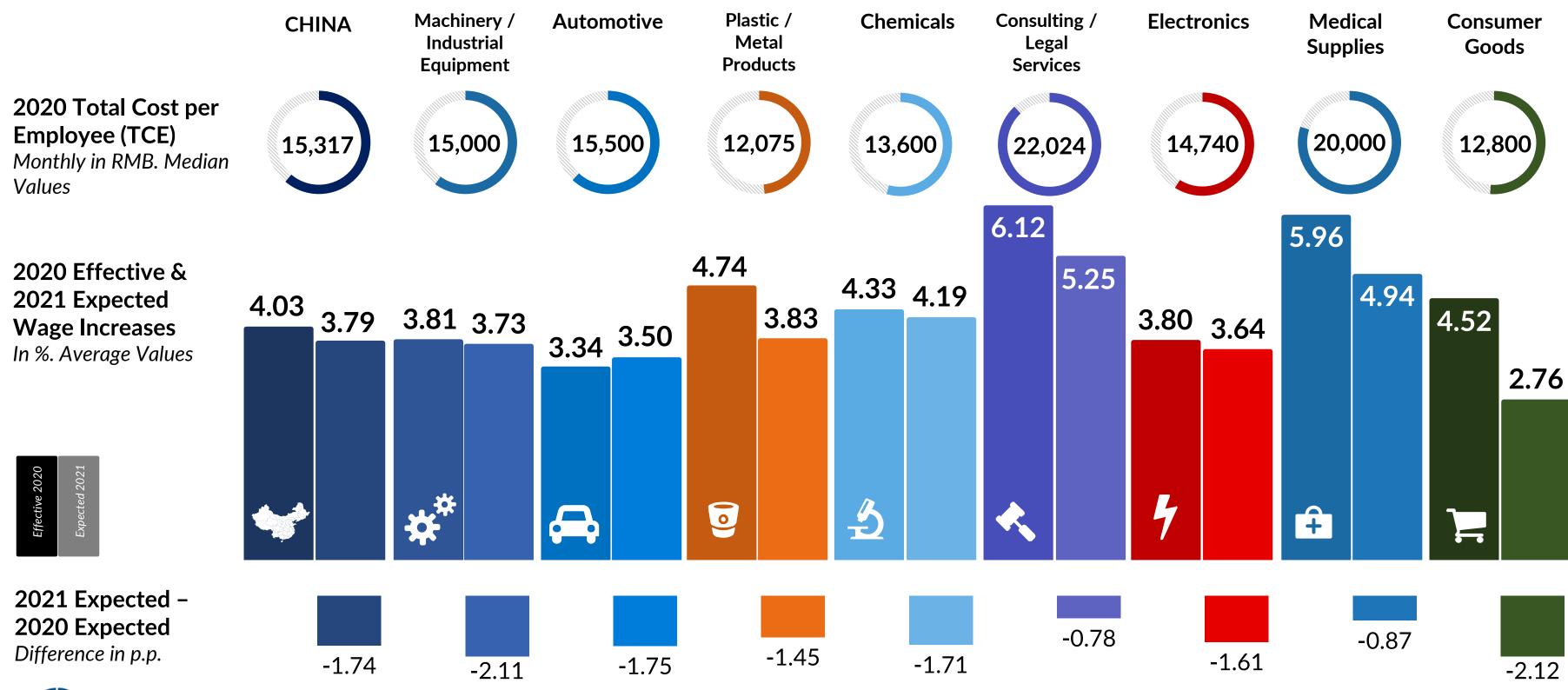


OTHER PRD*
RMB 10,035 / 0.66



Wage Developments by Industry

At German Companies in China





Wage Developments by Company Size

CHINA

RMB 15,317

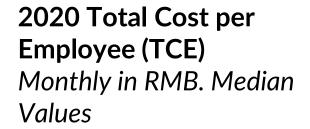
At German Companies in China

2020 Effective & 2021 Expected Wage Increases In %. Average Values

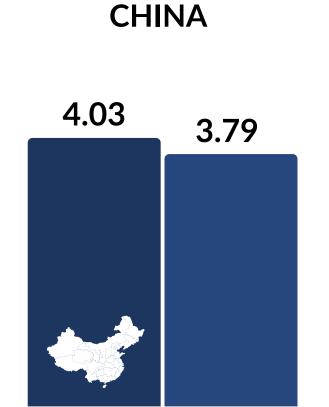


2020 Expected

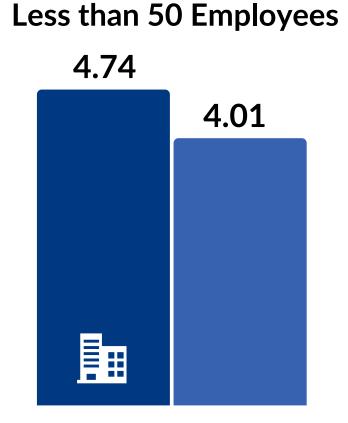
2021 Expected -Difference in p.p.











Less than 50 Employees

RMB 18,000

/ 1.18





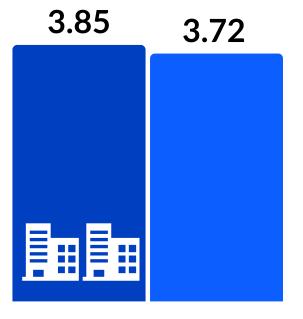
50 to 250 Employees







Larger than 250 Employees



-1.60

/ 0.98

Larger than 250 Employees RMB 15,000 / 0.98



Wage Developments by Level of Seniority

At German Companies in China

2020 Total Cost per Employee (TCE) Monthly in RMB. Median Values

2020 Effective & 2021 Expected Wage Increases In %. Average Values



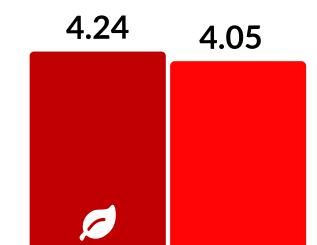
2021 Expected – 2020 Expected Difference in p.p.

Junior Professionals

Professionals from Admin., Sales, Purchasing, Finance, HR, Quality Control, Engineering / R&D, Logistics, Consultant / Project Mgr., IT Staff, Legal Staff

0 - 3 Years Job Experience





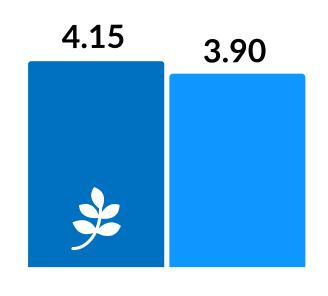


Mid-Level

Professionals from Admin., Sales, Purchasing, Finance, HR, Quality Control, Engineering/ R&D, Logistics, Consultant/ Project Mgr.

4 - 7 Years Job Experience



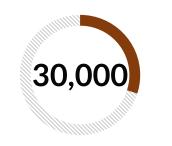


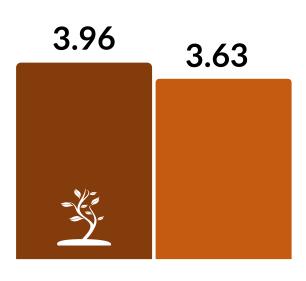


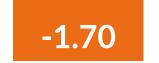
Senior Professionals

Professionals from Admin., Sales, Purchasing, Finance, HR, Quality Control, Engineering/R&D, Logistics, Consultant/ Project Mgr., IT Manager, Legal Manager

8 or + Years Job Experience

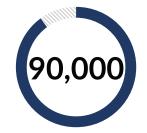


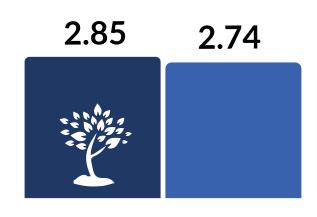






Combines two positions: CEO/GM and Deputy GM/Branch Manager











Wage Developments by Production Roles

At German Companies in China

2020 Total Cost per Employee (TCE) Monthly in RMB. Median Values

2020 Effective & 2021 Expected Wage Increases In %. Average Values



2021 Expected – 2020 Expected Difference in p.p.



Blue Collar

Responsible for line work, packaging, basic assembly; limited work experience



Operator

Special but limited skills, operate machinery; some work experience



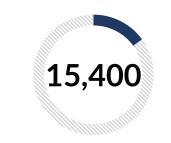
Shift Leader

Responsible for managing parts of assembly, scheduling, training new employees, performing limited quality control, overviewing safety regulations



Supervisor

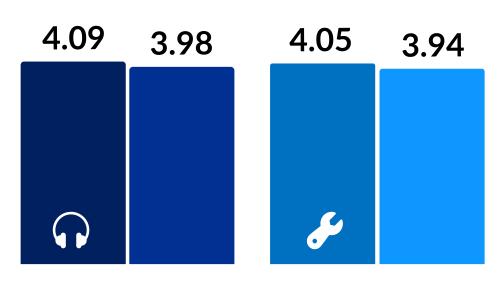
Project planning, overall production supervision, resource allocation (e.g. overtime and material), quality control



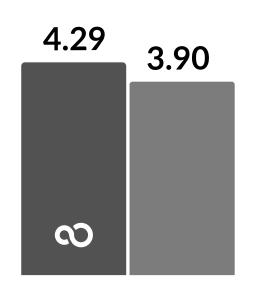
Production / Plant Manager

Managing production, planning new production methods, investment and maintenance issues

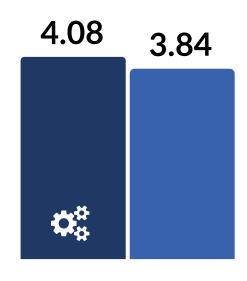


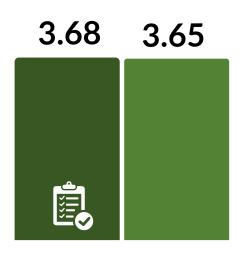






-1.79









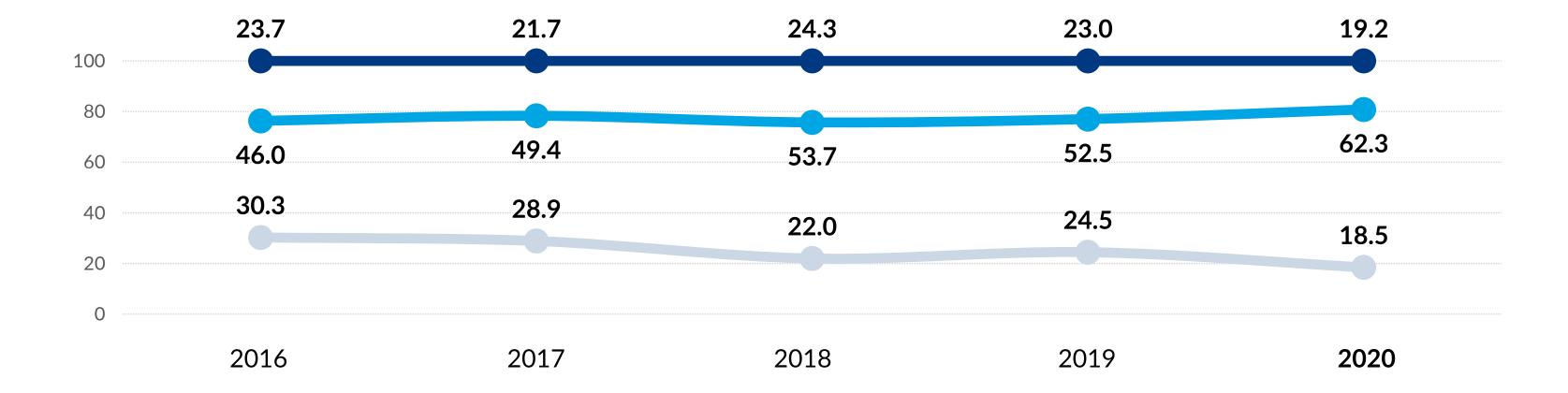
Productivity Perceptions At German Companies in China

Evaluation of Wage LevelsConsidering Productivity

■ High ■ Reasonable ■ Low

China Development

2016-2020, in %



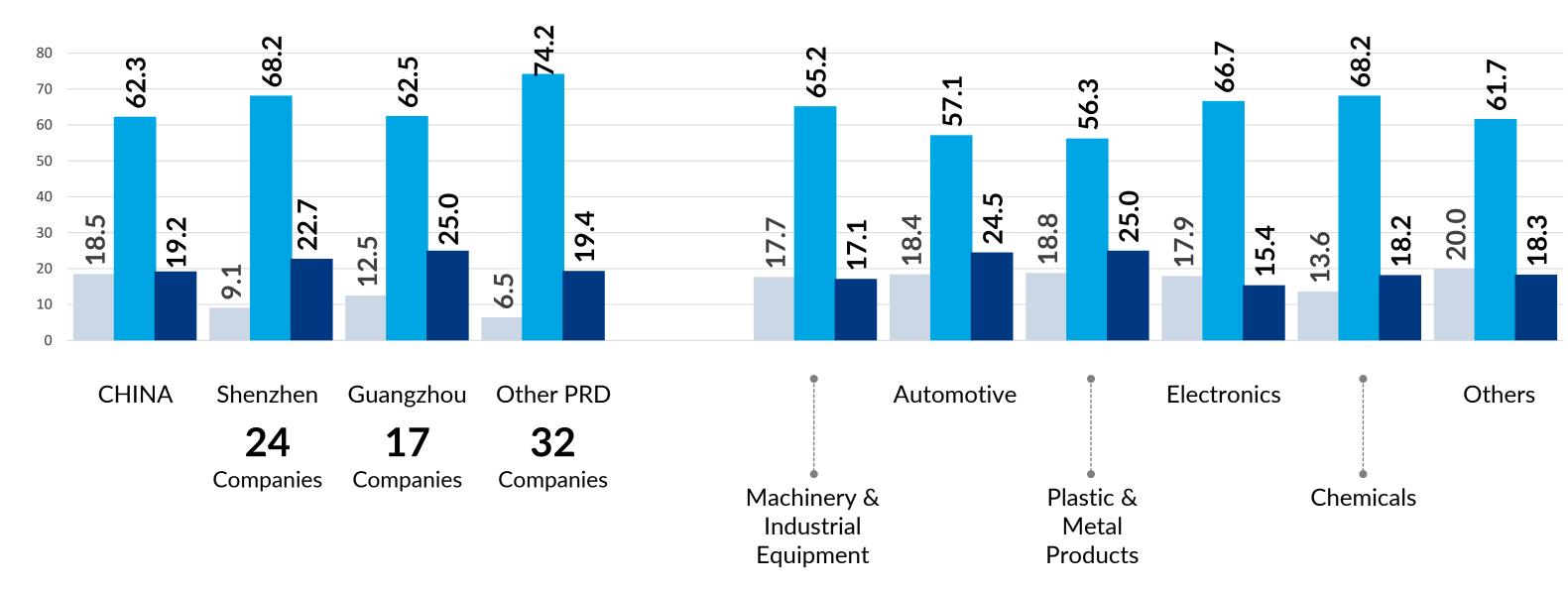


Productivity Perceptions At German Companies in China

Evaluation of Salary Levels Taking Productivity into Account

■ High ■ Reasonable ■ Low

2020 Data: China, Shenzhen, Guangzhou, Other PRD, and Industry In %

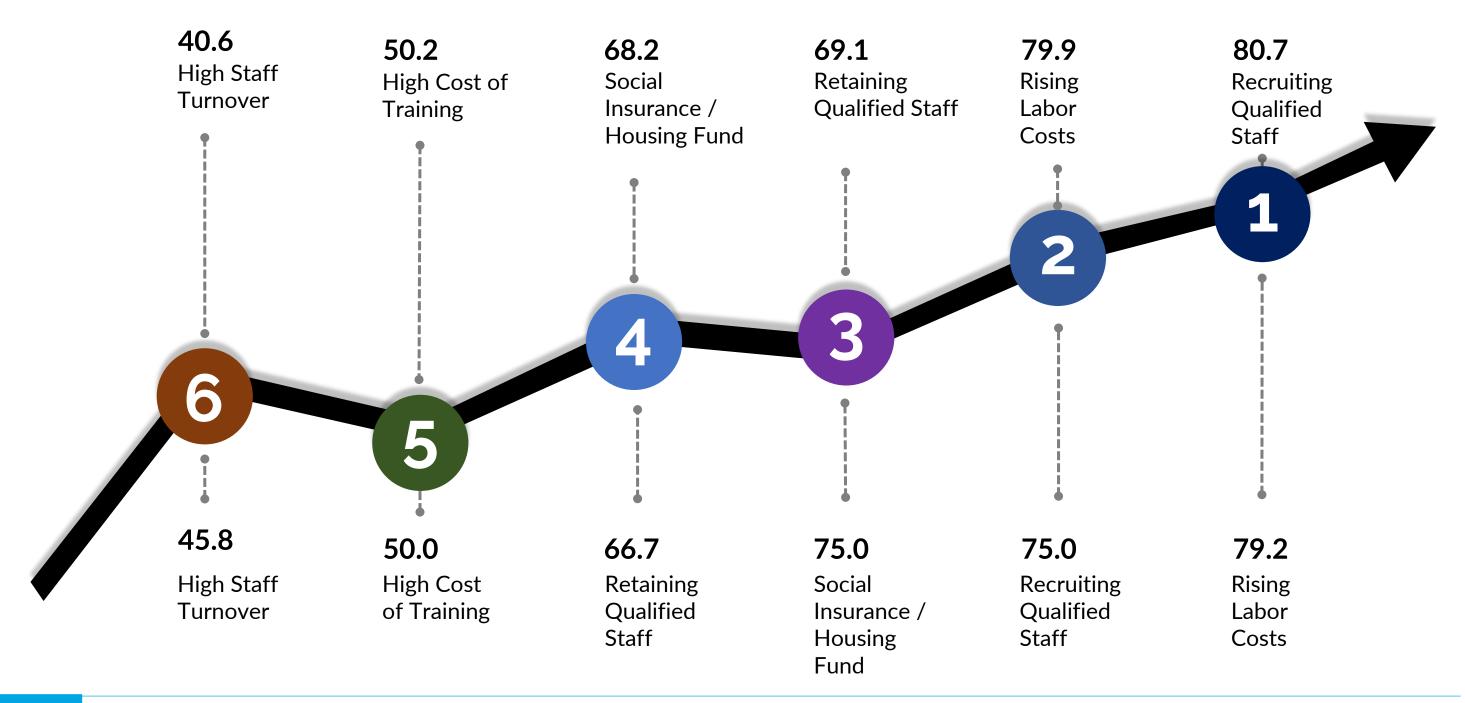




HR Challenges with Impact on Business Operations

High + Medium Impact, in %

CHINA



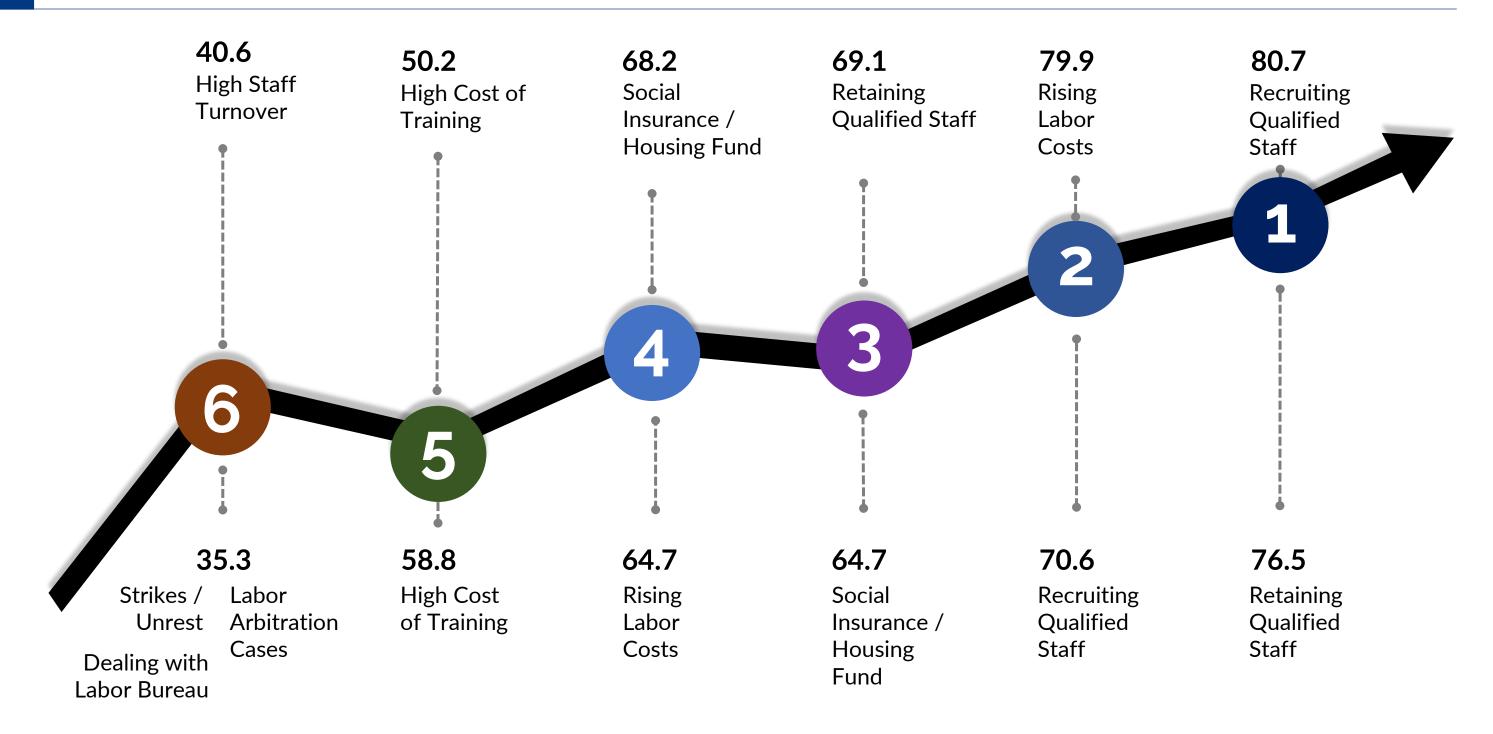
SHENZHEN



HR Challenges with Impact on Business Operations

High + Medium Impact, in %

CHINA



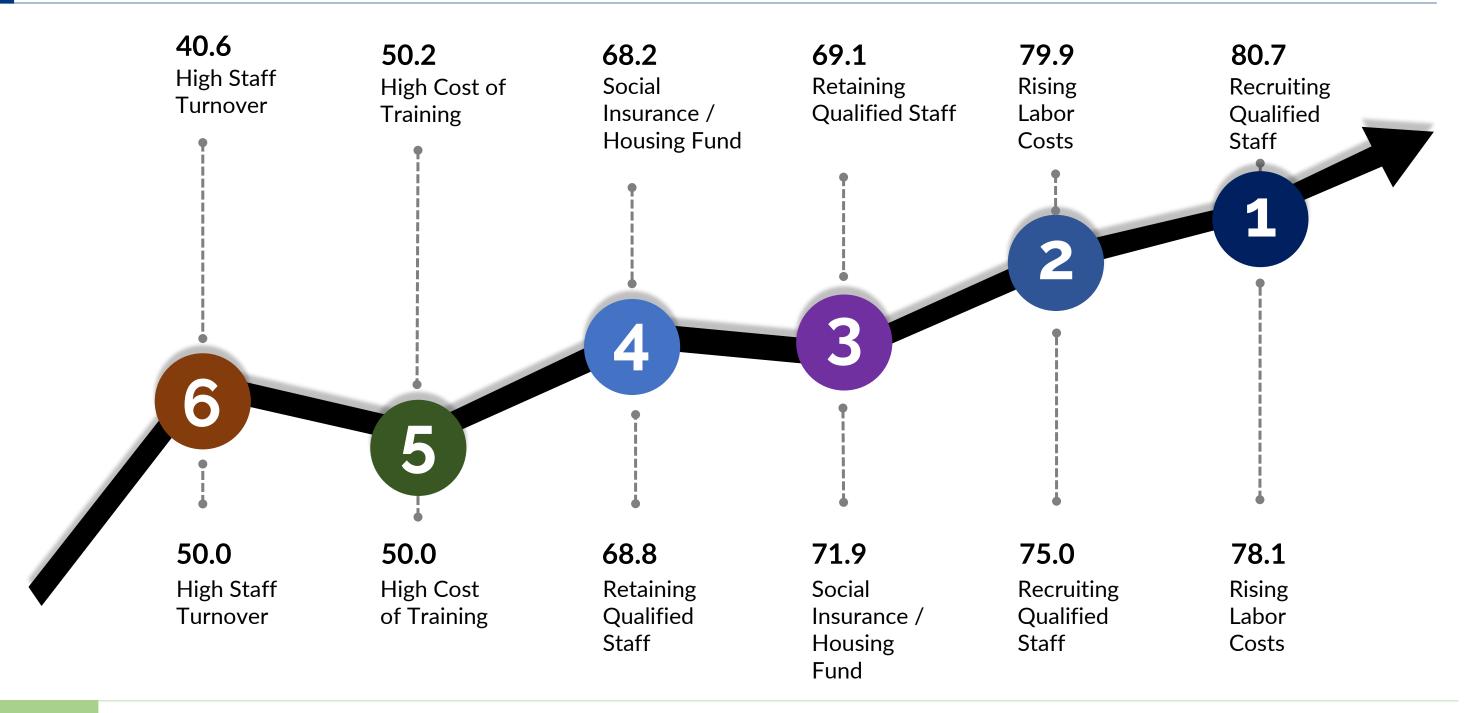




HR Challenges with Impact on Business Operations

High + Medium Impact, in %

CHINA

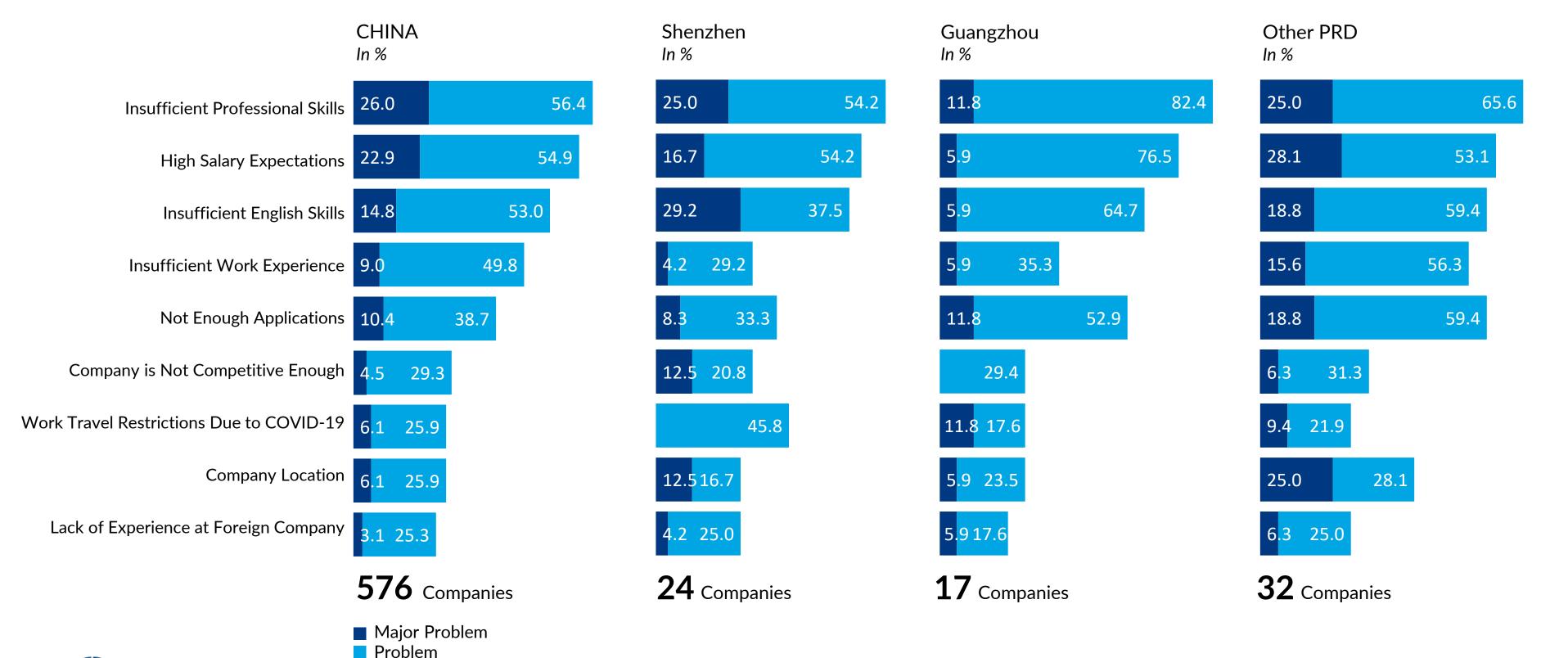


OTHER PRD



HR Challenges: Reasons Why Positions Cannot Be Filled

Major Problem + Problem, in %

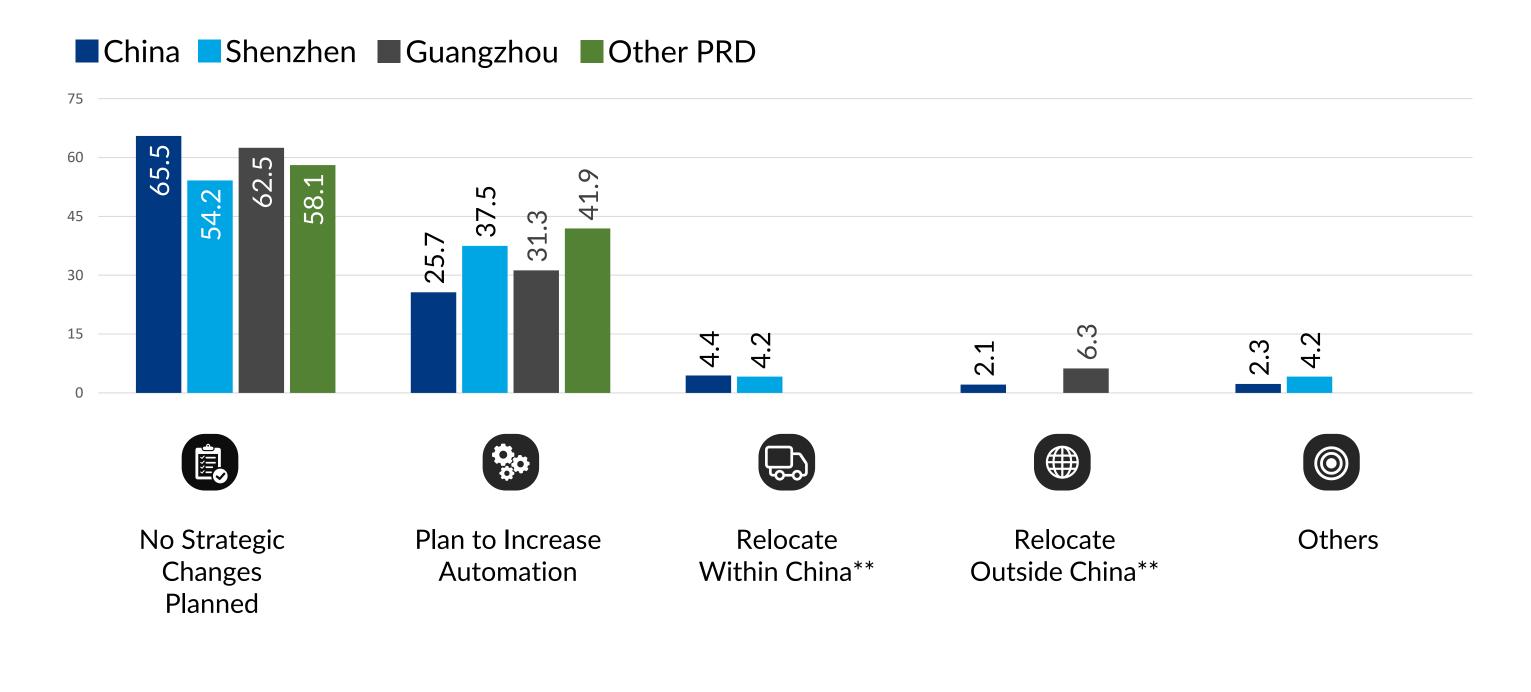




HR Challenges: Strategic Changes

Due to Rising Labor Costs

Results 2020 In %

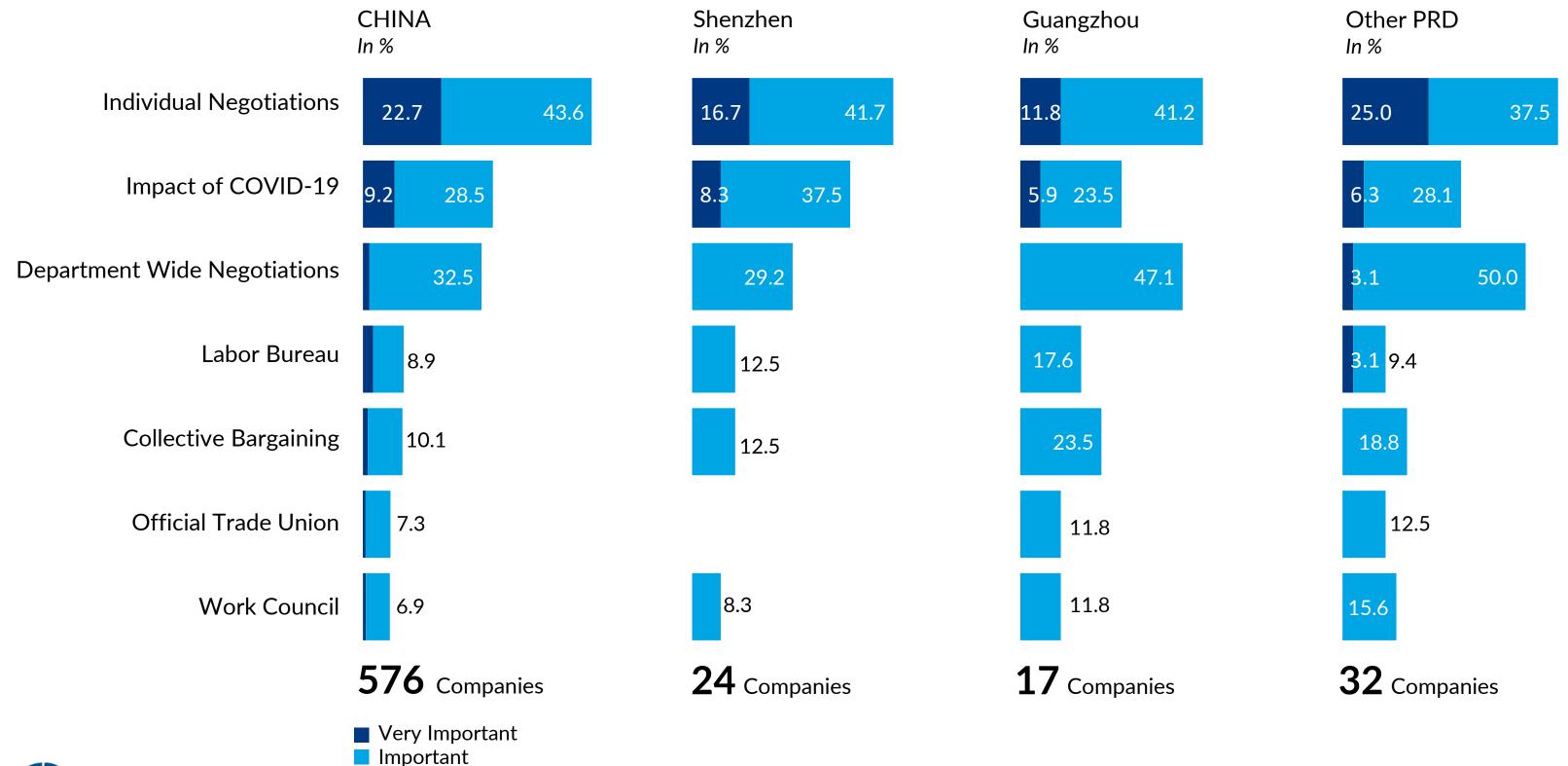


**To lower labor cost areas



Importance of Factors for Wage Negotiations

Very Important + Important, in %







The expected average wage increase for 2021 is 3.79 percent. This is the lowest expected salary growth increase ever recorded by the German Chamber of Commerce in China.

It represents a decrease of 1.74 p.p. compared to last year's expectation. To the historical trend, the impact of COVID-19 has added further downward pressure this year. 67.0 percent of the contributing companies state that the pandemic has had a medium to high impact on their salary growth projections for 2021.

The effective wage growth in 2020 averages 4.03 percent, 1.50 p.p. below the projected 5.53 percent for 2020.

The deviation is, again, attributed mostly to the impact of COVID-19 in the actual salary developments.





The expected salary growth for 2021, as well as the actual salary growth for 2020, remains below the respective projections for 2020 across all regions.

In **Shenzhen**, the expected salary increase for 2021 averages 3.88 percent. Above that of China, but 2.86 p.p. below the region's projected increase for 2020. The effective salary increase in 2020 has been 3.86 percent.

In Guangzhou, the expected salary growth next year is 3.55 percent, 3.08 p.p. below the expected growth in 2020 and 1.42 p.p. below the effective salary increase produced this year (4.97 percent).

The median total cost per employee (TCE) in China for German companies is RMB 15,317 month. Shenzhen's median TCE is slightly above that (RMB 16,000 month) while Guangzhou's and Other PRD median TCEs are much more moderate: RMB 12,000 and 10,035 month, respectively.





To mitigate the impact of COVID-19, the most common measures have been to stop hires, revert to remote work or other alternative work arrangements, and use HR government support measures. Lay-offs, temporary or annual reduction of salaries have been used only by a small proportion of participants, across China.

When compared to China, in **Shenzhen** the most common used measures are similar. The region has been slightly more prone to use measures such as cutting extra benefits, lay-offs, or annual reduction of salaries.

In Guangzhou, only 23.5 percent of the contributors has made use of HR government support measures compared to 44.3 percent across China.





All industries present lower salary growth expectations for 2021 than those of 2020.

Consulting / Legal Services, Medical Supplies, and Chemicals are the only industries with expected increases for 2021 that are above four percent.

When looking at different levels of seniority, the highest expected increases are for Junior and Mid-level professionals (around 4 percent). On the other hand, it is Senior Management where we see the most moderate increase.





The perception of wage levels considering productivity has not been altered by the pandemic: 62.3 percent of companies consider wage levels reasonable, and 18.5 percent consider them high.

Recruiting qualified staff, rising labor costs, and retaining qualified staff remain as the most challenging HR issues on business operations. However, to a lesser proportion than in prior editions.

High staff turnover presents a decrease in its perceived impact, with 40.6 percent of companies considering it impactful (16.3 p.p. below last year).

In **Shenzhen**, the top-3 most impactful HR issues remain the same as in 2019 although in a lower proportion. Other PRD areas present a similar profile to that of Shenzhen. In **Guangzhou**, social insurance / housing fund has made it into to the top-3 at the expense of rising labor costs.



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At China level, the perceived lack of skills by candidates, and their high salary expectations are the most common reasons mentioned as to why positions cannot be filled.

In Shenzhen, Guangzhou, and Other PRD the above reasons remain as well as important justifications. However, in **Guangzhou** and **Other PRD**, the proportion of companies perceiving them as being either a major problem or a problem is above that of China; whereas in **Shenzhen** those proportions are slightly below.

In **Other PRD**, although not relatively problematic when compared with other reasons, there is a higher proportion of companies that point to the lack of sufficient applications and the location of the company as to why positions cannot be filled there.





Among the seven factors for wage negotiations surveyed in this report, individual negotiations remains by far the most important factor (66.3 percent), followed by the impact of COVID-19 (37.7 percent).

In **Shenzhen**, the impact of COVID-19 (45.8 percent) is above that of China.

However, in Guangzhou and Other PRD areas, department wide negotiations follow individual negotiations as the most important factors. Thus, the impact of COVID-19 is only relevant to 23.5 percent of the contributors in Guangzhou, and 34.4 percent in Other PRD.



To Be Continued... With Your Questions





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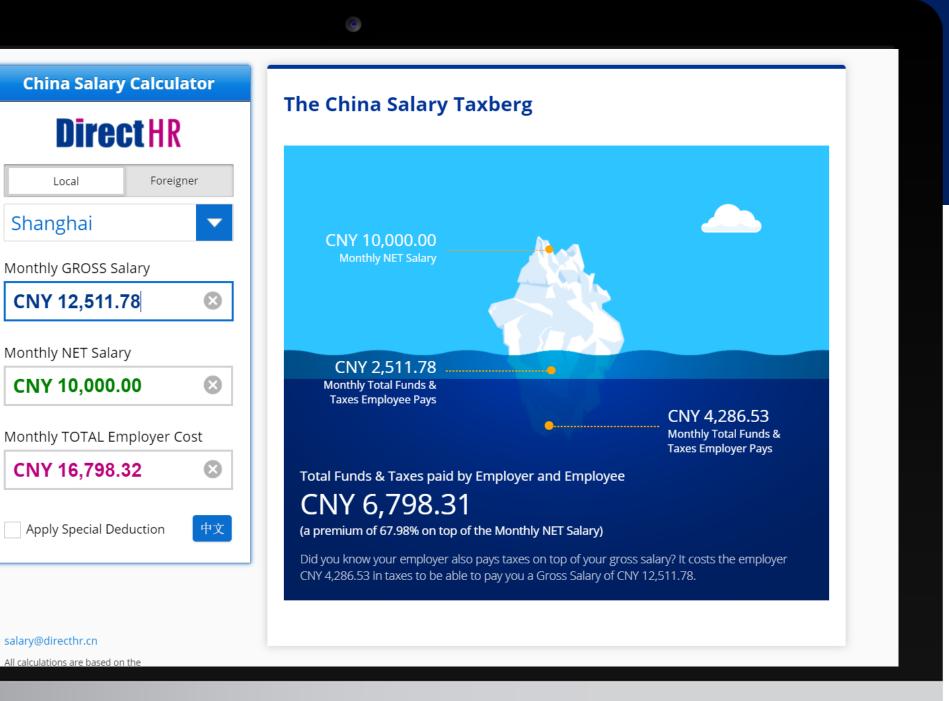
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